

WHAT IS THE INTERNET TO YOUR CHILDREN?

"Children of all age groups inhabit a world that seamlessly flows between on and offline".

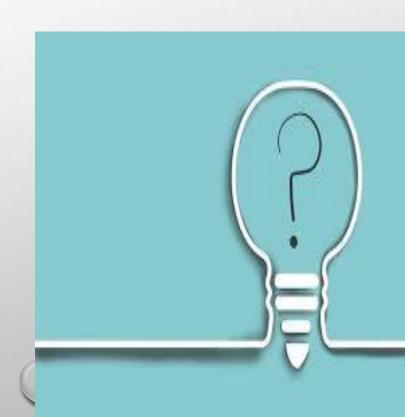
Growing up with the internet, 2017



KEY MESSAGE

THE INTERNET IS NOT A THING IT IS A PLACE OUR CHILDREN HANG OUT

- WHERE ARE THEY GOING?
- WHO ARE THEY WITH?
- CAN THEY GO ON THEIR OWN OR DO I NEED TO GO WITH THEM?
- WHAT WILL THEY DO THERE?

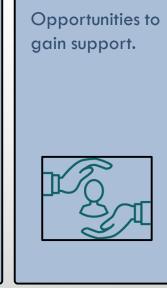


Benefits of the online world



Deepening relationships with family and friends.





Engagement in world issues and opportunities to have your voice heard.

Benefits of the online world

The internet is integral to how young people learn, connect and feel part of a larger community. Sharing content is a key part of this.

70% of young people say that being online helps them understand what's happening in the world.



65% say they would feel disconnected from the world if they couldn't be online with 13-17s (72%) significantly more likely to feel this way than 8-12s (57%)

60% say they have only seen or heard about certain issues or news because they heard about it from the internet

51% have found other people like them by being online and sharing content, with 48% finding people different to them



43% say they have been inspired to take action because of something they saw online, with almost half (48%) saying being online makes them feel that their voice or actions matter

By being online, 47% of young people feel they can make a positive difference for themselves and others

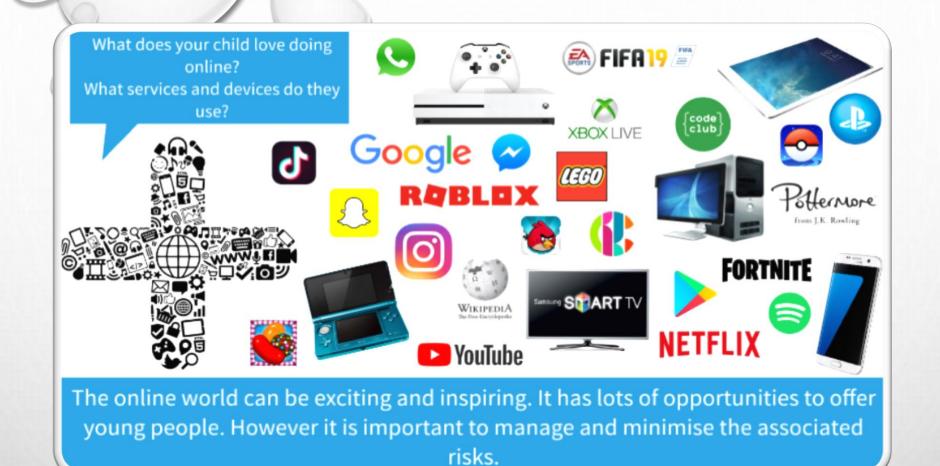
54% would post about something they've seen that's unfair to raise awareness



46% say that the internet has helped them through a difficult time

67% say it's easier to find out about topics they are nervous about online than offline

61% say that someone shared something about them online that they liked or that made them feel good, with a quarter saying this happened weekly

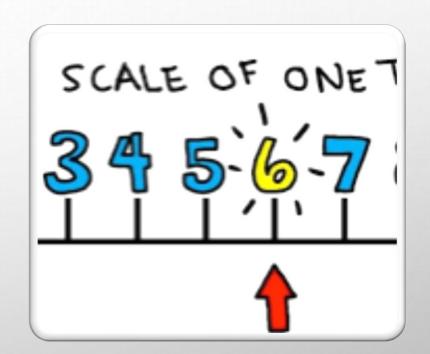


WHAT DOES YOUR CHILD LOVE DOING ONLINE?



HOW CONFIDENT DO YOU FEEL?

- UNDERSTANDING THE POPULAR PLATFORMS?
- THE RISKS THAT DIFFERENT PLATFORMS COULD POSE?
- HOW TO TALK TO YOUR CHILD ABOUT THEIR ONLINE WORLD
- ADDRESSING RISKS EITHER WITH YOUR CHILD OR HAVING TO RAISE IT WITH OTHERS?
- WHERE TO GO TO GET HELP?





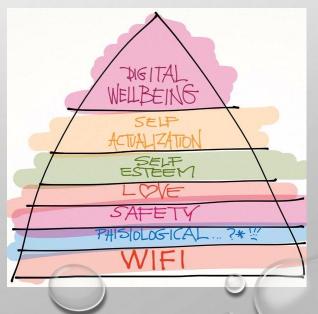


WE ALL NEED TO WORK TOGETHER TO PROMOTE

DIGITAL RESILIENCE

DIGITAL WELLBEING











- TWO SPECIFIC AREAS
- CONTENT
- CONTACT



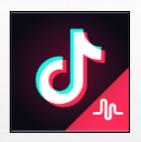
Risks: content



Instagram

13+

- Pic and video sharing
- Live streaming
- Location sharing



Tik Tok (formerly Musical-ly)

13+

- Create and share videos
- Concern re sexual and violent content



YouTube

13+

- Watch, create and share videos
- Messaging and live streaming
- Concerns re content, bullying, sexual, violence and suicide / self harm

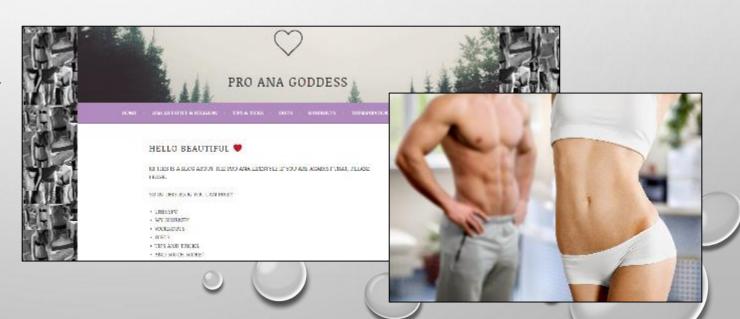
Risks: content

Increased access to pornography by children and young people - this is having an impact on offline sexual assaults and domestic abuse – an increase in numbers and in severity



- Nearly double the proportion of 13-14 year olds (39%) reported assimilating ideas from online pornography compared to the 11-12 year olds (21%)
- Some 44% (106/241) of males, compared to 29% (56/195) of females, reported that the online pornography they had seen had given them ideas about the types of sex they wanted to try out

Idealised image 24/7, and availability of pro-ana, other self harm and suicide sites



Risks: contact





13+

- Gaming: aim is to kill others
- Violence though not bloody or realistic
- Can talk to others including adults



Omegle

This 'virtual chat room' offers random users to have unmoderated or moderated chats with one another from anywhere in the world.



Snapchat

13+

- Photo/image share
- Video chat / Instant message
- '10 seconds'
- Location and content share
- Content sexual, violence, bullying

Navigating consent



'A friend shared something about me online without my permission' 45%



'Someone shared a photo or video of me online without asking first' 52%



'My parent(s)
shared something
about me online
without my
permission'
42%



'Someone shared something with me that I didn't want to see (e.g. by tagging or in a direct message)'
41%



'Someone put me into a group chat that I didn't want to be in without asking me (like a WhatsApp group)' 42%



8-17s report the difficulties of navigating consent



'I asked someone to remove something they'd posted about me online' 35%



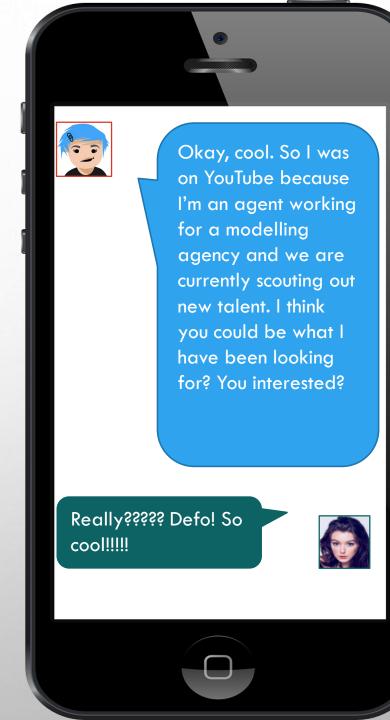
'A friend has asked me to remove something I've shared about them' 28%

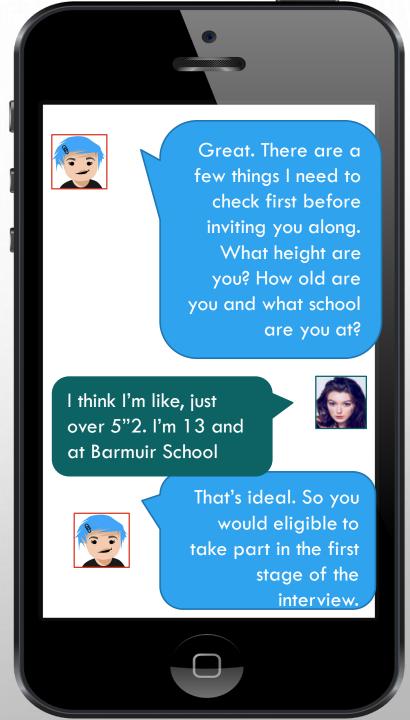


'I said yes to something about me being shared online, even though I didn't really want to' 34%

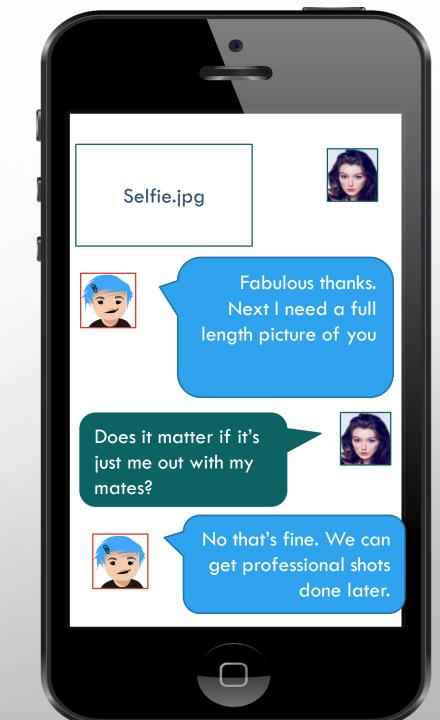


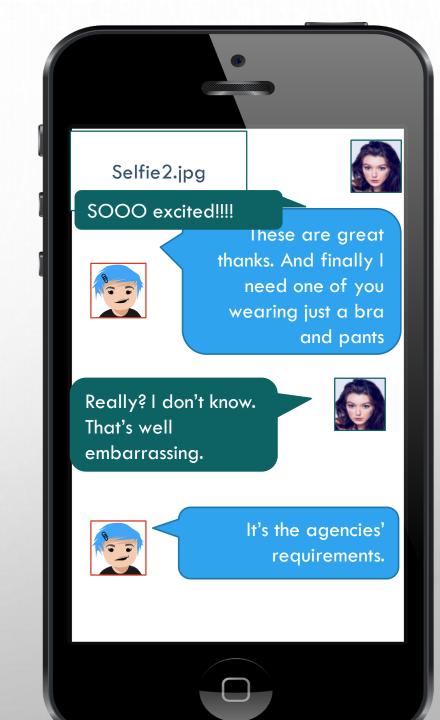
















CHATTING TACTICS FOR MANIPULATION AND / OR



GROOMING...

Information from children and young people's profiles

Pretending to be children

Multiple identities

Moving from a platform to private chats



Contacting multiple and / or vulnerable children





WHO ARE THEY FRIENDS WITH?
WHAT ARE THEY SHARING WITH THEM?



FRIENDING



Courtesy of CEOP

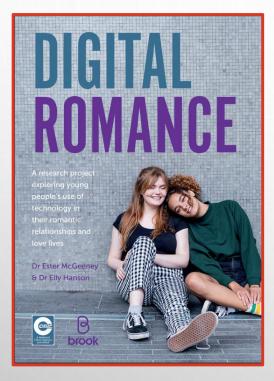






2,135 young people, aged 14-17 years old





"Group chats gets nudes put on all the time. Like, quite often vulnerable people, not so popular ones...And there'll be a chat with, like 50 odd people on or something, and one them 50 people have got it...And then several people will screenshot it or send it on, forward it, just save it"

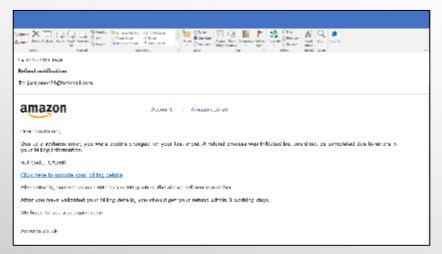
Kelly, 15
Digital Romance (2018)

52% had received a sexual or nude photo of someone else, where that someone else had taken the photo of themselves

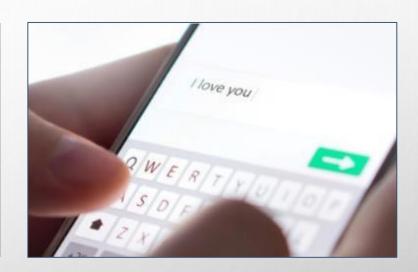
34% had sent a sexual or nude photo to someone they like (in the context of flirting)

26% had received a sexual or nude photo of someone else, where a third party had sent it (i.e. of a peer sent by a different peer)

Online scamming: and through what means?

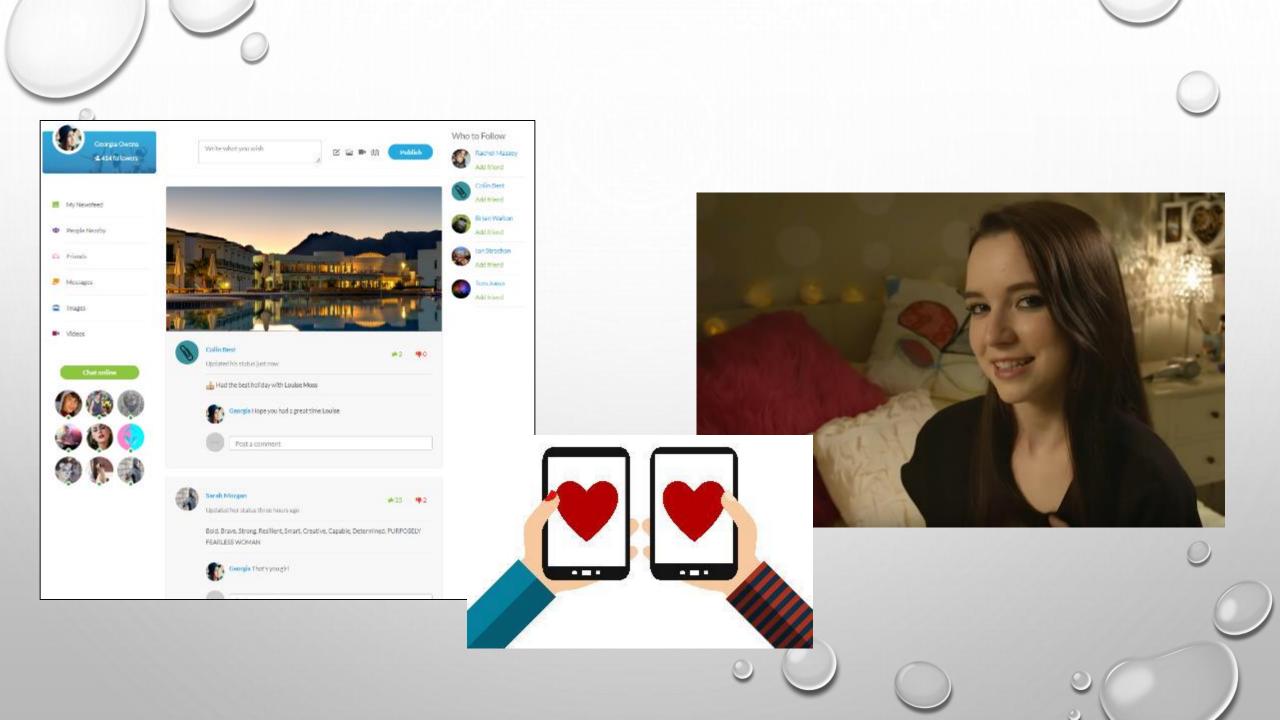






Pop ups / website generated

Blackmail and threats, catfishing, grooming



Sexual exploitation: some statistics

- While figures for many crimes in Scotland are going down, for sexual offences they continue to rise.
- Sexual crimes have been on a long-term upward trend since 1974,
 and have increased each consecutive year since 2008-09.



At least 43% of the 10,273 sexual crimes recorded in 2015-16 by the police related to a victim under the age of 18.

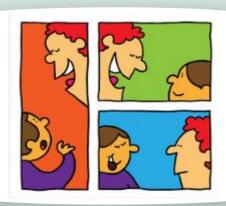
Men (40%) were more likely than women (34%) to agree that 'rape results from men being unable to control their need for sex'.

Scottish Social Attitudes Survey, 2014

In 2018, 105,047 webpages were verified by Internet Watch Foundation analysts as containing child sexual abuse material.



- Start early skill development
- Internet is more than a place of risks
- Get to know where they are hanging out be interested
- Establish rules
- Check apps / sites from time to time and who they are talking to







TALKING WITH OUR CHILDREN

What is Thinkuknow?

The Thinkuknow programme aims to empower and protect children and young people from sexual abuse and exploitation through education.

Thinkuknow offers resources to cater for different age groups, audiences and needs:

5-7

8-10

11-13

14+

Resources for those with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND)

Parents and Carers













Module One



The Thinkuknow approach

"Today's children are growing up online, and make little distinction between life online and off. Their use of online games, apps and services plays a crucial role in the development of their identities, friendships, relationships, passions and aspirations. It is essential that we respond by offering them high-quality education based on the best available evidence."

Head of Education, CEOP



Reporting to CEOP





What kind of concerns do people report to CEOP?

Reports from children and young people to CEOP have included:

Someone online has asked a child/young person to send them nude images.

A child/young person shared a nude image with someone online and then threatened/blackmailed as a result.

A child/young person has or is planning to meet up with someone face-to-face that they have only met online.

Someone online is talking to a child/young person in a sexual way and making them feel uncomfortable.

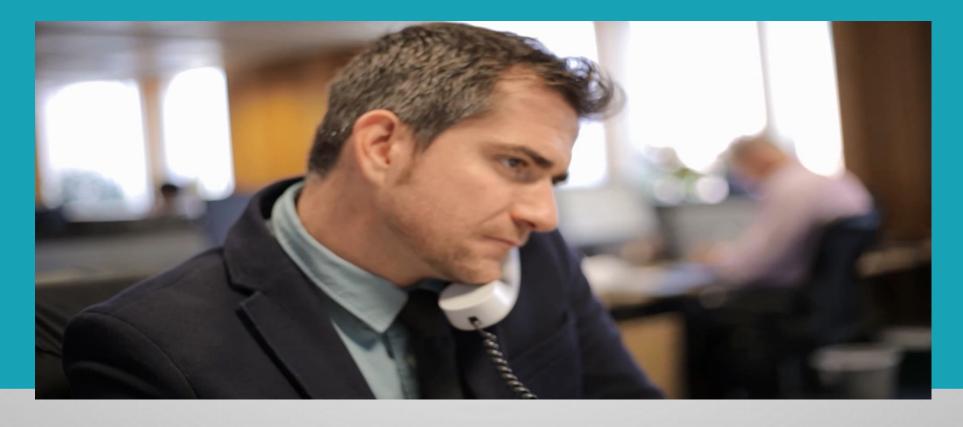
Someone online is sending a child/young person pornography.

Someone online keeps asking a child/young person to go on webcam.

Module One

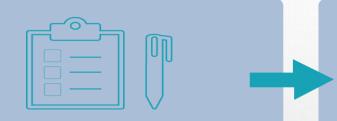


CEOP Child Protection video



What happens when a report is made to CEOP?

When a report is made to CEOP:



The report will be read and risk assessed by a Child Protection Advisor at CEOP based on a Low/Medium/High rating. Where appropriate, the Child Protection Advisor will immediately start planning how they can help the child/young person.



The Child Protection Advisor will contact the person who made the report as quickly as they can. When they contact them, they will talk about what has happened, and will make a plan about what to do.



The Child Protection Advisors' job is to make the child as safe as possible and so they may need to ask other professionals to help make sure the child is safe.



PARENTS & CARERS:

INFORMATION & ONLINE RESOURCES





Tackling difficult conversations - advice and resources on now to talk to children and young people about online safety issues - www.childnet.com/have-a-conversation

Keeping under 5s safe - tailored advice for keeping under 5s safe online - www.childnet.com/under-5s

Digital Parenting - a free online magazine offering information and advice on online issues www.vodafone.com/content/parents

> Ask About Games - specific advice and online guides about gaming and PEGI age ratings -

Phone Brain - information about paid for services such as premium rate numbers and in-app purchases www.phonebrain.org.uk

Get It Right From A Genuine Site - get to know which sites are legal for streaming and downloading films, music & games - www.getitrightfromagenuinesite.org



Childnet The parents and carers pages offer key advice on a range of online safety risk:

and detailed information on how and where to report online content www.childnet.com/parents-and-

UK Safer The parents and carers pages offer an advice centre with detailed support for parents, foster carers and adoptive parents, health care professionals and many more. www.saferinternet.org.uk/ parents



Childnet need help - find out where to access support and report online concerns & risks

www.childnet.com/parents-help

-Support for parents & carers -

NSPCC - providing help and support for adults who are

concerned about the safety or wellbeing of a child

O. O. NSPCC O2 & NSPCC - providing help Let's keep kids safe online and support with social media, setting up parental controls, privacy settings and much more 0808 800 5002



family Family Lives - providing help T lives and support with all aspects

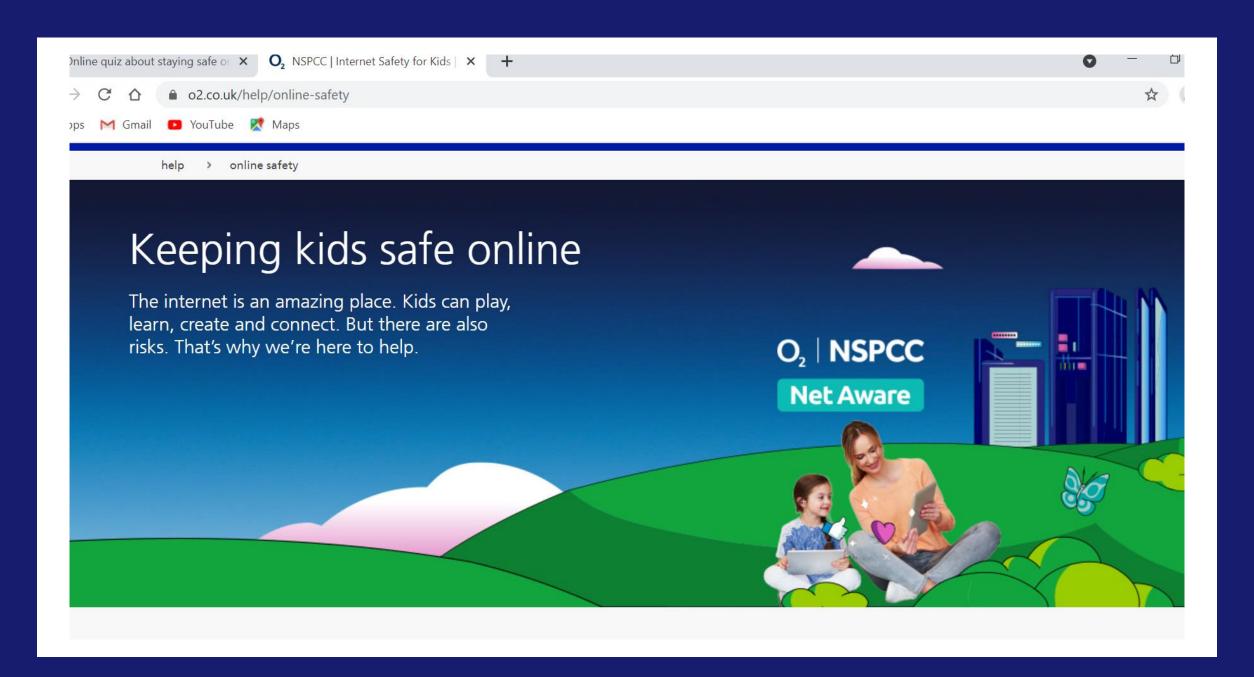
of family life 0808 800 2222 For advice: www.familylives.org.uk

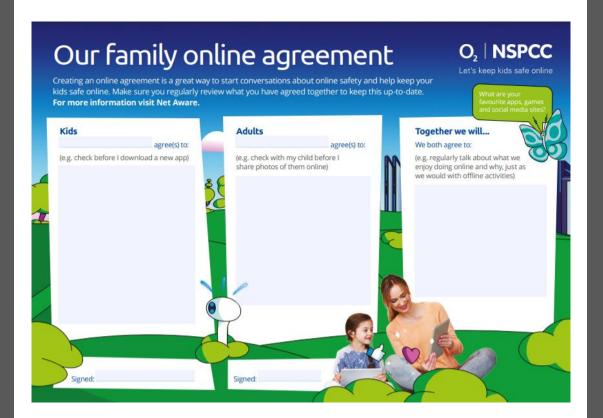














PARENTAL CONTROLS

 PARENTAL CONTROLS HAVE BEEN DESIGNED TO HELP YOU MANAGE YOUR CHILD'S ONLINE ACTIVITIES. THERE ARE VARIOUS TYPES, SOME OF WHICH ARE FREE BUT OTHERS WHICH CAN BE BOUGHT. HOWEVER, NOTHING IS TOTALLY FOOL PROOF SO THIS SHOULDN'T REPLACE THE SUPPORT AND GUIDANCE YOU GIVE YOUR CHILD TO HELP KEEP THEM SAFER. FOR MORE INFORMATION AND STEP BY STEP INSTRUCTIONS ON SETTING UP PARENTAL CONTROLS, VISIT PARENTAL CONTROLS MATTERS.



ONLINE ACTIVITY

KEEP THE DEVICES YOUR CHILD
 USES IN COMMUNAL AREAS OF
 THE HOUSE SUCH AS THE LIVING
 ROOM OR KITCHEN, WHERE AN
 ADULT IS ABLE TO SUPERVISE.
 PRIMARY-AGE CHILDREN SHOULD
 NOT ACCESS THE INTERNET IN
 PRIVATE SPACES ALONE, SUCH AS
 IN A BEDROOM OR BATHROOM



EXPLORE TOGETHER AND CHAT LITTLE AND OFTEN

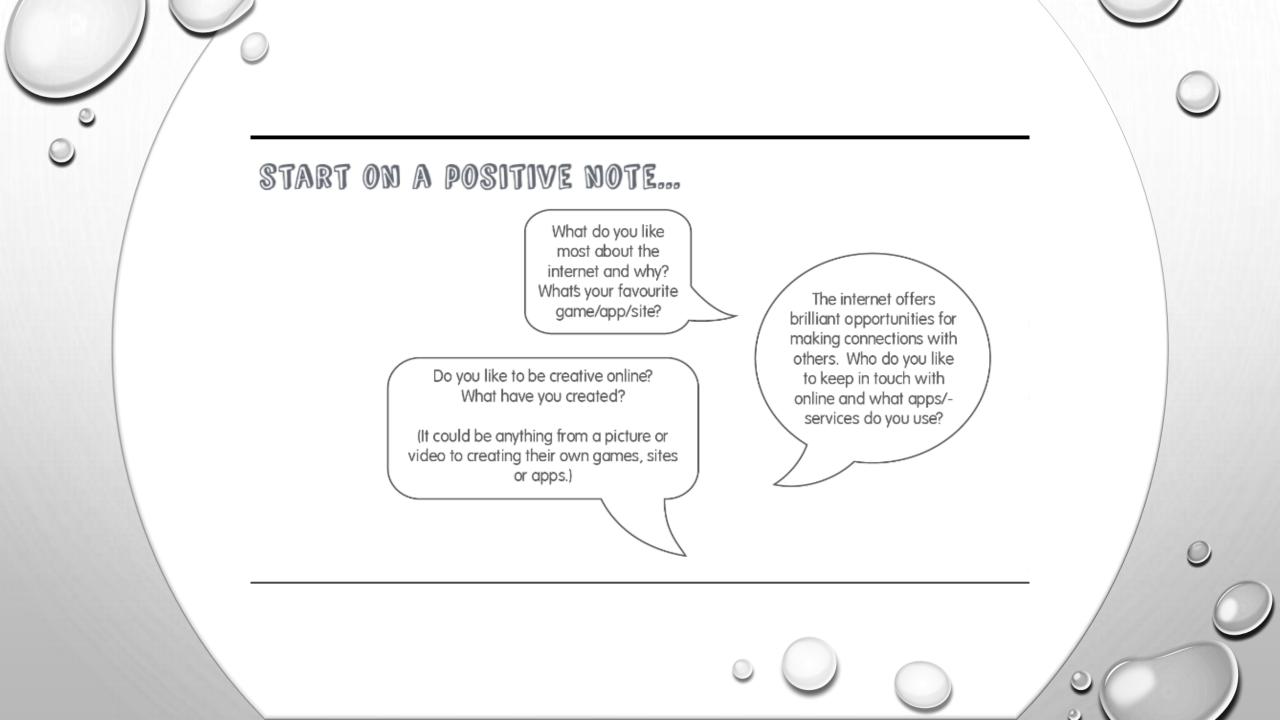
• ASK YOUR CHILD TO SHOW YOU THEIR FAVOURITE APPS, GAMES AND SITES AND ENCOURAGE THEM TO TEACH YOU HOW TO USE THESE. ASK THEM IF ANYTHING EVER WORRIES THEM ONLINE. MAKE SURE THEY KNOW THEY WON'T BE IN TROUBLE AND CAN GET HELP BY TALKING TO YOU OR ANOTHER ADULT THEY TRUST IF ANYTHING HAPPENS ONLINE THAT MAKES THEM FEEL WORRIED, SAD OR SCARED

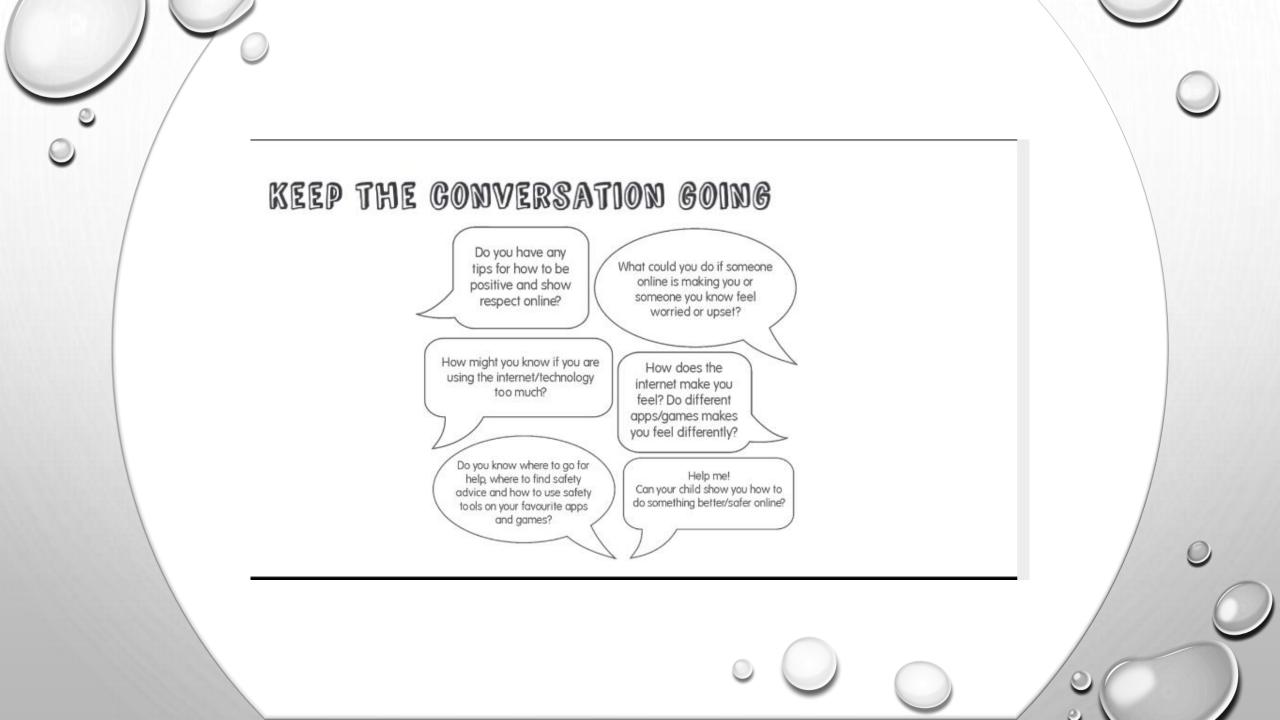


MAKE SURE THEY KNOW WHERE TO GO FOR SUPPORT

REMIND YOUR CHILD THEY CAN
 ALWAYS SPEAK TO YOU OR AN
 ADULT THEY TRUST IF ANYTHING
 HAPPENS ONLINE THAT MAKES
 THEM FEEL WORRIED OR UPSET.
 FOR A BREAKDOWN OF REPORT
 SERVICES, VISIT: SUPPORTING
 YOUR CHILD WITH REPORTING
 UNWANTED CONTENT ONLINE









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